





# THE INTERIOR JOURNAL.

FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1872.

FOR PRESIDENT  
**HORACE GREELEY,**  
of New York.  
FOR VICE PRESIDENT  
**B. GRATZ BROWN,**  
of Missouri.

We place these names at the head of our columns to be stricken therefrom only on the nomination of an independent ticket by the Democracy; and we earnestly hope that wisdom and patriotism may rule the minds of our leaders.

## CAMPAIGN CLUBS.

As the Congressional and Presidential contest has fairly opened, we desire to offer to the citizens of this part of the State, a cheap medium of political news; and we now offer to clubs of ten or more, our paper from May 10th to the 1st of December, for the small sum of 75 cents and to single subscribers for the same length of time, at \$1.00.

The present political canvass will be one of very great importance, and our facilities for furnishing our people with reliable and accurate political news, have never been excelled. Send in your clubs and subscriptions at once!

## CROAKERS.

There are to be found in all countries, men who look upon the dark side only of every picture. These men we term croakers, for the want of a better name. In looking over our exchanges since the recent Liberal Convention, we find that a few of them have already "given up the ship." They have roundly asserted that Grant will be elected, notwithstanding the combined efforts of the Liberal and Democratic parties. This sentiment is unbearing the columns of any paper claiming to be Democratic in politics. It sounds more like radical twaddle than the utterances of Democrats. We care not if their private convictions warrant such an expression; but we insist that it should never have found utterance through the columns of a Democratic paper.

Suppose a general on the eve of a great battle, with all his forces marshaled for the conflict—a battle which should decide the destinies of a nation; were to announce along the lines of his division, that there was no hope of victory for them; the battle would be fought, even though the result already fully assured. Would such a general be a coward or a very bad man? We think not. He would be a man of sense and courage.

Of one thing we are assured, that if the Democratic organs of our country will take up the battle ax, and fight valiantly in the army of our Liberal allies whose organs are among the leading papers of our country; there will be every year, hundreds of accessions to the allied ranks from the forces of our Radical opponents. Whence come the men who compose the Liberal army? Did they grow out of the Democrat or Radical camps? Of course out of the Radical. But few men from our ranks have gone into those of the Liberals, except as allies who have not deserted their party or its principles; but who went in as brave and determined soldiers to aid in overthrowing a common enemy. Let us have no more such expressions as we refer to; but give our men hope, give them information; encourage them to fight on; and, before the election comes off, the whole country will be ablaze with the bonfires of the united Liberal and Democratic hosts—men in battle array to fight for the same glorious end—to wit—the defeat of Grant and the perpetuity of our free institution.

## MR. GREELEY'S LETTER.

Reader, don't fail to read and carefully note the letter of acceptance written by Mr. Greeley. It sounds to us very much like good old-fashioned Democracy. Humility, peace, good-will, eloquence, manliness, and every good grace, shine out in every line and sentence. Such a man deserves to be made our next President. The South is for him, so is the West; the North and East are for him; and so are we.

## FEEL OF PHYSICIANS.

We regret to learn that some of our friends have taken exception to the article we wrote last week, in relation to the communication of Doctor Loggins. We were mistaken in one or two particulars, and now with pleasure correct them.

First, no appeal was taken, but an original suit was brought in the Circuit Court to settle the matter of account due Doctor Loggins by the County of Lincoln. Again, we did not mean that the court of claims had tried to regulate the account of the Doctor, but that the court "settled" it, on the ground that they thought the charges too high. Moreover, in saying that we thought the verdict of the jury in the Circuit Court should have been set aside, we did not wish to be considered as dictating to the Court of claims or its efficient attorney, who was doubtless doing what he thought his duty required; but simply to express the hope that we desired to see an end of this suit. We regret that your letter judgment was overruled in this matter, for we thought at the time, still think, that such a judgment was not of sufficient general interest to be placed before our readers. The County attorney has appealed from the Circuit Court judgment because he is dissatisfied with the verdict.

# HORACE GREELEY

His Acceptance of the Liberal Nomination for President of the United States.

A Letter Full of the Salutary Sentiments of the Times.

Peace, Fraternity and Good-will.

From the Courier-Journal.

New York, May 21.—The following is the official notice to Mr. Greeley of the Liberal Republican nomination:

CINCINNATI, May 3, 1871.

DEAR SIR:—The National Convention of the Liberal Republicans of the United States have instructed the undersigned, President, Vice-President, and Secretaries of the Convention, to inform you that you have been nominated as the candidate of the Liberal Republicans for the Presidency of the United States. We also submit to you the address and resolutions unanimously adopted by the convention. Be pleased to signify to us your acceptance of the platform and nomination, and believe us,

Very truly yours,

(Signed) C. SHURTZ, President.

G. W. JULIAN, Vice Pres.

WM. E. MCLEAN, Secy.

J. H. ROOPER, Secretaries.

Hon. HORACE GREELEY, New York.

MR. GREELEY'S REPLY.

New York, May 20.

GENTLEMEN:—I have chosen not to acknowledge your letter of the third instant, until I could learn how the result of your convention was received in all parts of our great country, and judge whether that work was approved and ratified by the mass of our fellow-citizens. Their response has from day to day reached me through telegrams, letters, and the comments of journalist independent of official patronage and indifferent to the smile or frown of power. The number and character of those unconstrained, unprejudiced, unsolicited utterances satisfy me that the movement which found expression at Cincinnati has received the stamp of public approval, and been hailed by a majority of our country as a harbinger of a better day for the Republic.

I do not misinterpret this approval as especially complimentary to myself, nor even to the chivalrous and justly esteemed gentleman with whose name I thank your convention for associating with mine.

I receive and welcome it as a spontaneous and deserved tribute to that admirable platform of principles wherein your convention so wisely, so lucidly, so forcibly set forth the convictions which impelled and the purpose which guided its course; a platform which, behind it the wreck and rubbish of worn-out contentions and bygone feuds, emboldened in fit and few words the needs and aspirations of today. Through thousands stand ready to condemn your every act, hardly a syllable of criticism or cavil has been aimed at your platform, of which the substance may be fairly epitomized as follows:

First—All the political rights and franchises which have been acquired through our late bloody civil war, and shall be guaranteed, maintained, and preserved forever.

Second—All the political rights and franchises which have been lost through the civil war should and must be promptly restored and re-established, so there shall be no proceeding no proceeding to amend the Constitution within the limits of our Union, whose long-ago people shall reunite and fraternize upon the broad basis of universal amnesty with impure compromise.

Third—That, subject to our solemn constitutional obligation to maintain civil rights as citizens, our policy should aim at self-government and not at centralization; that the civil authority should be supreme over the military; that the writ of habeas corpus should be jealously upheld as the safeguard of personal freedom; that the individual citizen should enjoy the largest liberty consistent with public order, and that there shall be no Federal supervision of the internal policy of the several States and municipalities, but that each shall be left free to enforce the rights and promote the well-being of its inhabitants by such means as the judgment of its own people shall prescribe.

Fourth—That the raising of revenue, whether by tariff or otherwise, shall be recognized and treated as the people's immediate business, to be shaped and directed by them through their representatives in Congress, whose action thereon the President must neither overrule by his acts, attempt to dictate, nor presume to punish, by bestowing office only on those who agree with him or withdrawing it from those who do not.

Sixth—That the public lands must be sacredly reserved for occupation and acquisition by cultivators, and not recklessly squandered on projects of railroads for which our people have no present need, and the premature construction of which is annually plunging them into deeper, deeper abysses of foreign indebtedness.

Seventh—That the achievement of these grand purposes of universal benevolence is expected and sought of all who approve them, irrespective of past affiliations.

Eighth—That the public faith must at all hazards be maintained and the national credit preserved.

Ninth—That the patriotic devotedness and unselfish service of our fellow-citizens, who as soldiers or sailors upheld the flag and maintained the unity of the Republic, shall ever be gratefully remembered and honorably rewarded. These propositions, so ably and forcibly presented in the platform of your convention, have already fixed the attention and commanded the assent of a large majority of our countrymen, who joyfully adopt them, as I do, as the basis of a true beneficent national reconstruction, of a new departure from the jealousies and strifes and hates, which have no longer adequate motive or even plausible pretext, into an atmosphere of peace, of fraternity and of good will. In vain do the drill sergeants of a decaying organization flourish menacingly their bayoneted rifles and angrily insist that the flag shall be closed and strengthened. In vain do the whippers-in of parties, once valiant because rooted in the vital needs of the hour, protest against straying and bolting, denounce men no wiser than their leaders as traitors and rascals, and threaten them with infamy and ruin. I

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# MRS. DAVIES' MILLINERY.

MRS. DAVIES HAS JUST RECEIVED and is still receiving daily a stock of choice millinery goods.

Choice Selection

of ladies wear, which she will sell at prices to suit the times.

NEW STYLES

Have been selected with great care, and she hopes to be able to please all her customers.

JOB. GRIFFITH & SONS

WHOLESALE

GUN DEALERS,

And Dealers in

FISHING

TACKLE,

164 West Main,

Louisville, Kentucky.

WANTED!!

10,000 Pounds

WOOL!!

For which we will pay the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

11-12

McALISTER & MILLER.

Now is the Time

TO

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

INTERIOR JOURNAL.

Published every Friday morning at

\$2 PER ANNUM.

The proprietors will spare no pains in making it a first-class newspaper, devoted to the interest of this particular section, and the development of the resources of this and adjoining counties.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

GOOD ICE!

PURE ICE!!

CHEAP ICE!!!

T. T. DAVIES WILL FURNISH

EVERY MORNING,

(Sundays excepted)

11-12 cents Per Pound.

All bills due at the end of the season.

MY ice-house is in town, and my engine will deliver ice in any quantity, and at any time, DAY OR NIGHT.

I WILL NOT DELIVER ICE ON SUNDAY, but will furnish it if desired, at my house.

T. T. DAVIES.

WILLIAM G. WELCH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

STANFORD, KY.

OFFICE—Third door west of Dr. McRobert's shop.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

To the Voters of Lincoln County.

HAVING FULFILLED THE OFFICE OF Sheriff of this county during the past term; and thanking the people for their support in every respect, I feel it my duty to resign the office, and to leave myself at the disposal of the voters of this county, in order that I may be able to devote myself to the study of the law, and to the practice of my profession.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,

Yours, etc.,

W. G. SAUNDERS.

J. F. EDMISTON AUTHORIZES US TO announce him as a candidate for Sheriff of Lincoln county at the next August election, if elected, to make the people a good officer.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO announce GEO. H. McKEE, of Garrard county, a candidate for the nomination for Appellate Judge, in the 3d Appellate District, before the convention (to be held at Lexington, on 29th May, 1872).

of political news.

Persons desiring to keep themselves posted on the live issues of the day should avail themselves of our very liberal

Terms of Subscription

One copy from 10th of May to the 1st of December (24 copies)..... \$1 00

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HILTON & CAMPBELL,

Proprietors.

# DUBOIS, THE HATTER,

DEALER IN FASHIONABLE HATS, CAPS, FURS, and Straw Goods.

60 Fourth Street, Opposite National Hotel, LOUISVILLE, KY.

GO TO THE

CASH STORE.

THE PLACE TO GET

THE BEST

BARGAINS,

IN THE

NEW STORE

On LANCASTER STREET, above the old National Bank building.

WATERS & DAWSON.

Have just received a large stock of

Family Groceries,

CONFECTIONERIES,

NOTIONS,

PAINTS,

OILS,

DYE-STUFFS,

CUTLERY,

HARDWARE,

TIN-WARE,

JAPAN-WARE,

Farming Implements,

Etc., Etc.

IN SOLICITING A LIBERAL SHARE

of the patronage of the community, we beg to say that our stock was selected with a view to the wants and necessities of FAMILIES, and especially the FARMER.

OUR GOODS ARE ALL FRESH AND DESIRABLE, AND WE START

IN THIS ENTERPRISE

WITH A DETERMINATION

TO

PLEASE OUR CUSTOMERS,

—AND NOT RE—

UNDERSED

By any house in

CENTRAL KENTUCKY.

WE have adopted the CASH SYSTEM, and intend to fully demonstrate to the people of this community, that it is

TO THEIR INTEREST

TO PAY

CASH

FOR THEIR GOODS,

And that the FARMER and MECHANIC can save money by following the CASH system than by CREDIT.

LET it be distinctly understood that our terms are INVARIABLY CASH, and we ask One and All to come where they can GET BARGAINS.

WANTED.

ALL kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE at the very highest market price, in exchange for goods at the very lowest CASH PRICES.

11-12.

WATERS & DAWSON.

GO TO THE

CRAIG & MCALISTER

TRADE PALACE

FOR

ELISABETHTOWN & PADUCAH RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

Going East.

8:00 a.m. Louisville

8:30 a.m. Elizabethtown

9:00 a.m. Paducah

9:30 a.m. Evansville

10:00 a.m. Louisville

10:30 a.m. Elizabethtown

11:00 a.m. Paducah

11:30 a.m. Evansville

12:00 p.m. Louisville

12:30 p.m. Elizabethtown

1:00 p.m. Paducah

1:30 p.m. Evansville

2:00 p.m. Louisville

2:30 p.m. Elizabethtown

3:00 p.m. Paducah

3:30 p.m. Evansville

4:00 p.m. Louisville

4:30 p.m. Elizabethtown

5:00 p.m. Paducah

5:30 p.m. Evansville

6:00 p.m. Louisville

6:30 p.m. Elizabethtown







